

Analysis of Recycled Polypropylene

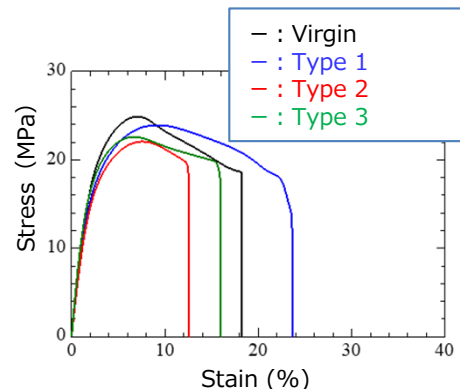
~ What factors affect the breaking elongation ? ~

Recycled polypropylenes (PP) with different quality have different tensile strength and elongation. Several kind of analyses (GPC, ¹³C NMR, DSC measurements) were carried out to find out the factors that affected the breaking elongation in the tensile testing.

Samples

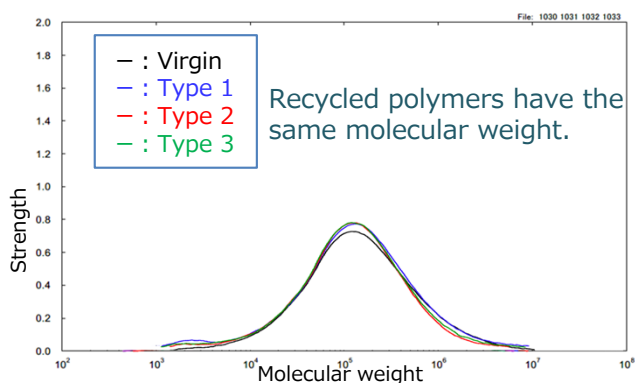
*1: Results from TG *2: Results from tensile testing

Name	Detail	Tensile strength ^{*2} (MPa)	Elongation ^{*2} (%)
Virgin PP	Target	24.9	18.2
Recycled PP Type 1	High-quality type *Pre consumer recycled PP *Amount of inorganic matter:2.9% ^{*1}	23.9	23.7
Recycled PP Type 2	Middle-quality type *Pre and post consumer recycled PP *Amount of inorganic matter:3.0% ^{*1}	22	12.4
Recycled PP Type 3	Low-quality type *Post consumer recycled PP *Amount of inorganic matter:8.7% ^{*1}	22.6	16

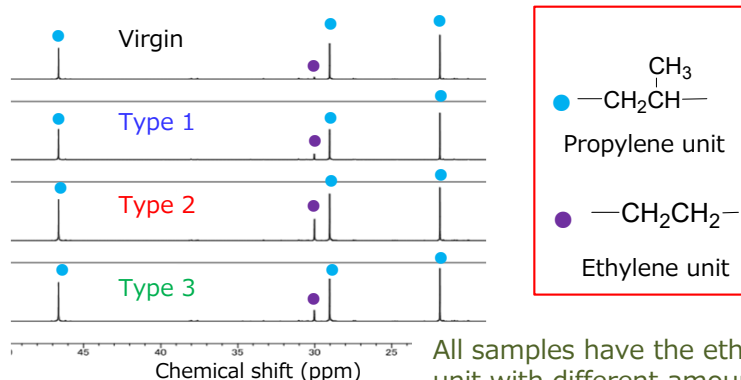


✓Tensile strength: Virgin PP > Type 1 > Type 3 > Type 2 → Almost the same order as quality
 ✓Breaking elongation: Type 1 > Virgin PP > Type 3 > Type 2 → Different order from quality

GPC



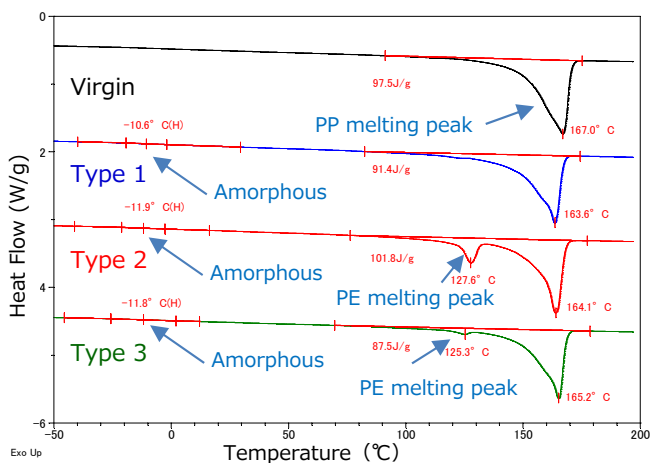
¹³C NMR



What are the factors?

All samples have the ethylene unit with different amount.

DSC



Type 2, 3: Homo PE melting peaks were detected.
 Type 1: Homo PE melting peak was not detected.
 → Ethylene-propylene copolymer is suggested to be included in Type 1.

Summary

*3: Detected *4: Not detected

	Tensile testing	NMR mol ratio (%)		DSC	
	Elongation (%)	Propylene	Ethylene	Amorphous	Homo PE
Virgin	18.2	93	7	— ^{*4}	— ^{*4}
Type 1	23.7	83	17	○ ^{*3}	— ^{*4}
Type 2	12.4	67	33	○ ^{*3}	○ ^{*3} (many)
Type 3	16	78	22	○ ^{*3}	○ ^{*3} (Few)

■ Factor behind the low breaking elongation of Types 2 and 3
 → Presence of homo PE that is incompatible with PP.
 ■ Factors behind the high breaking elongation of Type 1
 → Presence of ethylene-propylene copolymer with rubber property.