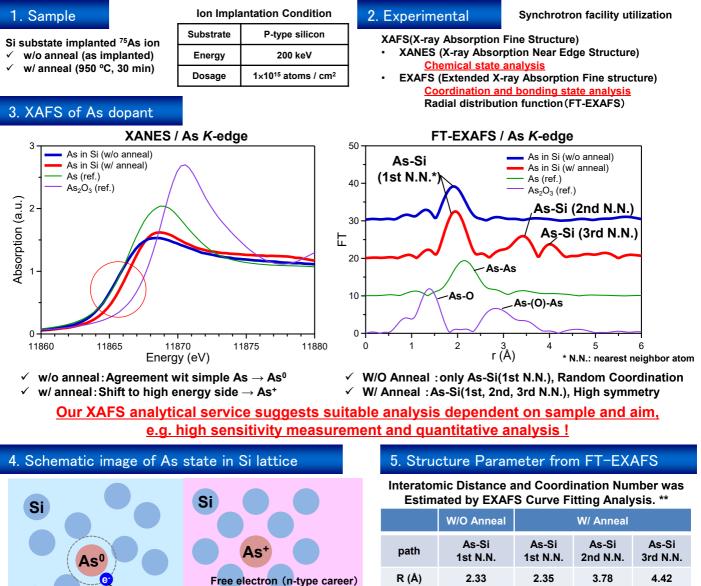
Chemical and Bonding State Analysis of As **Dopant in Si Semiconductor by XAFS**

Doping in silicon semiconductor is an important technique for controlling electronic properties, while chemical and bonding state of dopant element has not been investigated. We are showing chemical, bonding, and coordination analysis of arsenic dopant by XAFS.



Bound state electron W/ Anneal Amorphous state around As Crystallization, As substitution As⁰ state including bound e As⁺ state and free e⁻ generation

Chemical, Bonding, and Coordination state of the Dopant Element can be Examined by XAFS !

W/O Anneal

	W/O Anneal	W/ Anneal		
path	As-Si 1st N.N.	As-Si 1st N.N.	As-Si 2nd N.N.	As-Si 3rd N.N.
R (Å)	2.33	2.35	3.78	4.42
CN	2.9	3.8	6.4	16.8
σ² (Ų)	0.00356	0.00302	0.00412	0.01694
R-factor	0.0176		0.0184	

Annealing increased coordination number of As-Si bonding, and generated 4-folded substituted state in Si crystal lattice.

** R and CN mean interatomic distance and coordination number, respectively. σ^2 is Debye Waller factor, the parameter related with structural order/disorder and thermal oscillation. R-factor dependent on fitting agreement, and the value less than 0.05 represents reasonable optimization.

XAFS analysis of dopant element in silicon or compound semiconductor reveals dopant activation with carrier generation and substitution in matrix lattice, through the investigation of chemical and structural state of dopant element.

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